

Curriculum Overview: Year 1

	Autumn Term		Spring Term		Summer Term	
	Autumn 1:	Autumn 2:	Spring 1:	Spring 2:	Summer 1:	Summer 2:
Topic	Ourselves	Amazing Africa	Walking with Dinosaurs	Into the Woods	Under the Sea	Island Life
Visits/ Trips/ Workshops	School visit from a nurse to talk about our bodies.	Trip to London Zoo to visit African animals.	Crystal Palace Park to see the dinosaur sculptures.	Local park visit for leaf rubbings and specimen collection.	Horniman Museum to visit the Aquarium.	Greenwich Maritime Museum to locate world islands.
Writing	Fiction: - Describing using the senses: based on Beegu's landing on Earth - Setting descriptions: based on Beegu's landing on Earth Non-Fiction: - Fact files: linked to Neil Armstrong as a figure of historical significance Poetry: - Pattern & rhyme; poems on a theme: linked to poems from Monkey Puzzle	Fiction: - Stories from other cultures: looking at the moral of the stories in Anansi tales - Retelling own version of a story: based on Handa's Surprise and manipulating the fruit and animals Non-Fiction: - Persuasive: based on The Leopard's Drum and making of own drums; why is yours the best? - Recount: linked to London Zoo trip - Fact files: African animals Poetry: - Acrostic poems: using familiar animals from Rumble in the Jungle	Fiction: - Character descriptions: based on the characters in Tyrannosaurs Drip - Letters: based on Mary Anning and her work with the Natural History Museum Non-Fiction: - Fact files – labels, lists and captions: Non-fiction books on dinosaurs Poetry: - Poems on a theme: writing about dinosaurs inspired by the poetry patterns from Stomp Dinosaur Stomp	Fiction: - Fairy tales; stories with familiar settings; stories with predictable patterns/language: inspired by traditional tales such as Hansel & Gretel, Little Red Riding Hood and Rumpelstiltskin Non-Fiction: - Diary linked to science: recording the growth of bean plants over time	Fiction: - Stories about fantasy worlds: using the picture story of Flotsam as a stimulus for an underwater world Non-Fiction: - Dictionary work: Nonfiction books on sea creatures using alphabetical order Poetry: - Using the senses and riddles: inspired by sea creatures from Commotion in the Ocean	Fiction: Character & setting descriptions: based on the characters in The Lighthouse Keeper's Lunch Diary: written from the point of view of an alternative character in The Lighthouse Keeper's Lunch Letters: written as a character from The Lighthouse Keeper's Lunch Mon-Fiction: Instructions linked to Computing: recipe writing based on The Giant Jam Sandwich/Gruffalo Crumble

Suggested Texts	- Beegu - Monkey Puzzle - How to Catch a Star - A Place to Call Home	 Handa's Surprise The Leopard's Drum Anansi: traditional African stories Rumble in the Jungle 	Stomp Dinosaur, Stomp Tyrannosaurus Drip Non-fiction books on dinosaurs	- Hansel and Gretel - Little Red Riding Hood - Rumpelstiltskin	Commotion in the Ocean Night Pirates Non-fiction books on sea creatures Flotsam	- The Lighthouse Keeper's Lunch - The Giant Jam Sandwich - Gruffalo Crumble
Phonics (Letters & Sounds)	Phase 2 - recap s a t p l n m d g o c k ck e u r h b f ff l ll ss	Phase 3 – recap ai air ar ch ear ee er igh j ng oa oi oo oo or ow qu sh th ur ure v w x y z zz	Phase 4 st nd mp nt nk f tsk lt lp If lk p txt tr dr gr cr br fr bl fl gl pl cl	Phase 4/5 sI sp st tw sm pr sc sk sn nch scr shr thr str ay ou ie ea oy ir ue	Phase 5 aw wh ph ew oe au ey a- e e-e i-e o-e u-e Preparation for Phonics Screening Check – Revision	Preparation for Phonics Screening Check – Revision Consolidation preparation for Year 2
	Number: Place Value		Number: Addition and Suk	otraction	Number: Multiplication and	Division
Maths	Count to ten , forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number. Count, read and write numbers to 10 in numerals and words. Given a number, identify one more or one less. Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least. Number: Addition and Subtraction Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 10 Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs. Add and subtract one digit numbers to 10 , including zero.		Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs. Add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero. Solve one step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as 7= ② – 9 Place Value Count to 50 forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any number. Count, read and write numbers to 50 in numerals. Given a number, identify one more or one less. Identify and represent numbers using objects and		Count in multiples of twos, fives and tens. Solve one step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher. Number: Fractions Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: lengths and heights (for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half) Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: mass/weight [for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than]; capacity and volume [for example, full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter]	
	Solve one step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations and missing number problems. Geometry: Shape Recognise and name common 2-D shapes, including: (for example, rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles) Recognise and name common 3-D shapes, including: (for example, cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres.)		pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least. Count in multiples of twos, fives and tens. Measurement: Length and Height Measure and begin to record lengths and heights. Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: lengths and heights (for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half) Measurement: Weight and Volume		Geometry: position and direction Describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three quarter turns Number: Place Value Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number. Count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals. Given a number, identify one more and one less. Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and	

	Number: Place Value Count to twenty, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, from any given number. Count, read and write numbers to 20 in numerals and words. Given a number, identify one more or one less. Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least.		Measure and begin to record mass/weight, capacity and volume. Compare, describe and solve practical problems for mass/weight: [for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than]; capacity and volume [for example, full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter]		use the language of: equal to, more than, less than, most, least. Measurement: Money Recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes. Measurement: Time Sequence events in chronological order using language [for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening. Recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years. Tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times. Compare, describe and solve practical problems for time [for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later] Measure and begin to record time (hours, minutes, seconds)		
Science	Animals including Humans	Animals including Humans	Everyday Materials Identifying materials	Plants Naming a range of	Animals including Humans	Seasonal Changes Observing changes	
	Identifying, naming,	Animal diets, animal	and classifying them	plants and their parts.	Sea creatures: animal	across the seasons and	
	drawing and labelling	groups, animal	based on their	Understanding how	groups and structure;	how day length varies.	
	basic parts of the body	habitats,	properties.	they grow and	animal life cycle e.g.	3. 3.	
	 external and internal; 	domestic animals	Investigating how	observing this over	tadpoles, caterpillars;		
	identifying body parts	and how to care for	sounds are made and	time.	use of technical		
	linked to our senses	them	controlled.		vocabulary e.g. fins		
	History – lives of signific	History – lives of significant individuals;		History – lives of significant individuals (Mary		History – changes within living memory; history in	
Learning	events beyond living memory (Neil Armstrong		Anning and her contribution towards		our locality (thinking about advancement in		
Across the	and the first moon landing; Nelson Mandela)		palaeontology)		technology; changes in Europe and the UK		
Curriculum	Geography – use geographical vocabulary to		Geography – use simple compass directions;		politically including who our key political figures are)		
(Foundation	refer to physical and human features (African		use aerial photographs to devise a map; study		Geography – name and locate the World's oceans		
Subject Links)	landscapes e.g. savannah, jungle; comparison between UK and Africa eg buildings)		the geography of our school and its surrounding environment (looking at physical and human		and continents; study the location and		
					characteristics of the United Kingdom; identify		
	DT – select and use a ra	•	features of local environment from a birds eye view linked to story mapping in literacy) DT – build structures exploring how they can be improved; explore and use mechanisms. (building 3 Little Pigs houses; creating 3D fairy tale settings) Art – use drawing, painting and sculpture;		seasonal and daily weather patterns across the globe; use world maps and globes (build a papier mache globe then locate and name the world's continents and oceans; understand the weather differences between the northern and southern hemispheres) DT – design products based on design criteria;		
	perform practical tasks; strange of materials according						
	characteristics; evaluate						
	(designing, making and						
	Art – use drawing, paint						
	develop wide range of a						
	techniques e.g. pattern, texture (African sunset pictures using colour washing and paper silhouettes; animal collages using a variety of		develop wide range of art and design techniques e.g. pattern, texture; learn about the work of artists (Henri Matisse collages; sketching of		explore and evaluate existing products; use the basic principles of a healthy diet to prepare dishes; understand where food comes from <i>(creating a)</i>		
	materials for texture)		dinosaur skin through a view finder; clay		healthy picnic for the Lighthouse Keeper's Lunch)		
			modelling of fossils and volcanoes; creating				

	Computing – use of technology to create and retrieve digital content (creating persuasive posters; researching African animals)		textured dinosaur feet using a variety of materials; creating 3D fairy tale settings) Computing – understand what algorithms are, how they are implement and how to execute them; create a debug simple programs; use logical reasoning to predict behaviour of simple programs (creating and programming journeys for mini-beasts using Beebots)		Art – use drawing, painting and sculpture; develop wide range of art and design techniques e.g. pattern, texture; to use a range of materials creatively (creating underwater scenes using mixed media) Computing – recognise common uses of technology beyond school; use technology safely and respectfully (PSHEE linked to keeping safe online and recognising how we use technology in our everyday lives eg iPads, kitchen appliances etc)	
Music	Transition Module- Notation reading, Colour strings style (including pitch), using your bodies to show pulse, rhythm, duration.	Christmas Shows. Beat and rhythm work with African songs and drums.	Control that Sound 1! Investigate how sounds are made, controlled and changed. Film composition to Fantasia Dinosaurs.	Feel the Rhythm 1 (In the Woods) Notation reading, making sounds of creatures in the woods. Duration, texture.	How Long? Duration compositions based on sea creatures. (Garage band or other ICT linked composition activity)	Raise your Voice 1 Jamaican traditional Playground Songs Pitch, tempo
RE	What can be special about living with family and friends?	Why do Christians celebrate Christmas?	What does it mean to belong to Islam?	What does it mean to belong to Hinduism?	What does it mean to belong to Christianity?	What does it mean to belong to Sikhism?
PE	Fundamental Movement	Fundamental Spatial Awareness	Dance	Gymnastics	Games	Athletics
Family Learning Project	Who do you think you are? Research your family history – where do you come from? Create a family tree. What makes you you?	Where in the World? Share your culture expressed in any way, shape or form – dance, art, literacy etc.	A step back in time What was life like when the dinosaurs roamed the Earth?	Once upon a time Fairy tales with a twist – create a fairy tale scene, rewrite a classic fairy tale, become one of the familiar characters.	Underwater World Imagine a life below the ocean. What is it like? Who would you meet – mythical or real? Mermaids, Poseidon, unfamiliar creatures	Cast away You've been stranded on a desert island! How would you survive? What is it like? What items are your must haves and why?