

Design Technology in the Early Years- Reception			eception	
Term Topic	Area of Learning	Concepts		
·		Finding out about what already exists and how things work	Technique Using a range of skills and tools to design and make Technique	Evaluate Evaluate success of own and others' design Evaluate
Reception Autumn 1	CL			-Use the regular and some irregular past tense verbs to describe events or actions that occurred in the past.
Family				-Learn conjunctions and use them to connect one idea or action to another.
	PD	-Describe a recipe that they prepare at home with their family.	-Handle construction materials safely and with increasing control and intentionShow an understanding of the need for safety when tackling new challenges and consider and manage some risksDevelop their fine motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently.	-Describe a range of different food textures and tastes when cooking and notice changes when they are combined or exposed to hot temperatures.
	L	-Recipes include: title, what you need, ingredients, method, numbered instructionsLearn how to find out information from non-fiction texts.		
	UW	-A sukkah is made up of at least three walls and a roof of unprocessed natural vegetation.		
	EAD	-Use a range of media independently to express their feelings.	-Select from and use a range of tools and equipment to cut, join and combine materials and components.	-Comment on their own and other's creative work, explaining what they like about itEdit and improve their creative work using materials and tools over extended periods of time.
	CL			-Learn expressions for agreeing and disagreeing.

Reception Autumn 2 Changes			-Learn to distinguish between facts and opinionsOpinions tell us what someone thinks or believes. An opinion has no proof and can change from person to personA preposition is a word that tells you where or when something is in relation to something elseExamples of prepositions include words like after, before, on, under, inside and outsideLearn negation words and how to respond to questions which require negatives.
	PSED	-Show confidence in choosing resources to extend their playPersevere in carrying out a chosen activity. Know when and how to ask for support if they find the activity challengingLearn how people store food safely at home in cupboards, fridges and freezers.	-All people have the right to an opinion and for it to be listened to and taken seriouslyUnderstand different points of view and learn how to challenge their own and others' thinkingLearn the names of traditional winter vegetables and why they contribute to a healthy diet.
	PD	-Use simple tools to effect changes to materialsExplore mark-making using a variety of toolsExplore malleable materials safely and with increasing control and intentionDevelop their fine motor skills to manipulate different materialsLearn how to fasten zips in clothing (coats)Understand that knives are not toys, but are tools that need to be used safelyLearn how to hold a knife safely to cut food (not to put their pointer finger on the top of the blade, tuck their thumb behind their fingers on their food-holding hand and round all their fingertips back like a claw)Understand the connection between their hands and their eyes. Manipulate puzzle pieces to complete a puzzle accurately.	
	L		-A list is a series of names, numbers, or things placed one after another in a written form.

	UW	-Identify clothing that is suitable for all weather conditions and understand why it is necessaryDifferent materials have different features, or properties, which make them suitable for different usesWater cannot penetrate waterproof materials. Raincoats often have a plastic coating because plastic is waterproof.		-Use what they have observed in addition to their own ideas to suggest answers to questionsUse senses to compare different textures of materialsDescribe the texture of materials using appropriate adjectivesLearn to group objects according to the material they are made fromSort materials according to their properties such as waterproof/ not waterproof.
	EAD	-Patterns in art appear in many art forms around the world. Explore different cultural folk patterns that appear on textiles and in architecture.	-Use a variety of tools including pencils, crayons, pastels, felt tips, chalk and other dry media to represent objects in linesSelect appropriate resources to combine materialsMake printed marks using different materials to create repeating patterns.	-Explain what they like about the works of othersPlan their own designs by suggesting what to do next.
Reception Spring 1 Healthy Living	CL		-Active listening means giving a speaker your full attention and trying to understand the complete message.	-Time connectives make it easy for us to understand the order of when something happenedSpeak in longer sentences using time connectives when discussing events in order. For example, how to clean their teeth (first, next, then, finally etc)A simile compares two things using the words 'like' or 'as'A simile is a useful way to describe something without using a long list of adjectives.
	PSED		-Learn how to make a healthy, balanced meal and what it should include (Meat, fish and alternatives/ fruit and vegetables/ dairy products/ breads, cereals and potatoes/ foods containing fat and sugar).	-Fizzy drinks/juices especially ones that contain sugars and acids can cause tooth decayMilk and cheese are tooth-friendly foods. They contain calcium which will help to repair tooth enamelFruit and vegetables are an important part of a healthy, balanced dietYou should not eat more than what your body needs to keep healthy and energised during the dayIt is important to eat five portions of fruit and vegetables a dayA 'portion' means the amount of food that fits in your hand.

PD		-Cut, glue and trim material to create images	
		from a variety of media e.g. photocopies,	
		fabric, crepe paper, magazines.	
L	-Learn the features of instruction writing	-	
	i.e. a clear layout, a 'you will need' list		
	which explains what tools you require		
	and numbered points.		
	-The features of a poster are: the art is		
	related to the message; the most		
	important message is emphasised by size		
	or colour and there is an attention-		
	grabbing picture.		
	-A list connects words, items or names		
	together in a meaningful way.		
	-A cookbook is a book with a variety of		
	recipes in it.		
	-The recipes consist of the description of		
	the steps to follow to prepare a meal,		
	also including the ingredients that are		
	needed.		
	-Identify a contents page and use this to		
	find the right page to answer simple		
	questions.		
UW	-Develop an understanding of people		-Know where some food comes from and give
	having roles to play in the community.		examples of food that is grown.
	-Name and describe people who are		
	familiar to them and that they have		
	come across within their community,		
	such as the police, the fire service,		
E45	doctors and teachers.		
EAD	-Investigate different types of storage	-Design and make a bag/ box for a tooth	-Evaluate the end product.
	that would be suitable for a tooth.	considering the materials used, joining	-Value their own and other pupils' work.
	-Explore and use photography, digital	techniques and aesthetics.	-Discuss likes and dislikes about the artwork
	imaging and design tools for self-	-Investigate ways of joining suitable materials	which is explored.
	expression. -Explore careers through role play and	together. -Take photographs and begin to understand	
	experience what it is like to perform	how to focus on an object and take a close-	
	certain tasks.	up shot.	
	Certain tasks.	-Select, place and layer using digital tools.	
CL		Select, place and layer asing digital tools.	-Develop vocabulary to make comparisons.
01			Develop vocabalary to make comparisons.

Reception Spring 2 Tales from around the World	PD		-Develop hand-eye coordination and concentration skills through threading different materials and objects.	-Recognise the importance of personal hygiene and how to keep themselves clean (bathing, brushing teeth, washing hands or covering their mouth when they cough etc)Know how to wash their hands properly with soap and water and when it is necessary to do
	UW	-The Queen has many homes (Buckingham Palace, Windsor Castle and Balmoral Castle)Understand that transport: cars, buses, trains have changed over time. Know that transport was different when their parents and grandparents were youngCompare modern and old objectsA habitat is a place that an animal lives. It provides the animal with food, water and shelterName some traditional Chinese recipes and common ingredients (rice/ noodles). Other common Asian ingredients are fish, squid, shrimp, and octopus.	-Follow a recipe to prepare a traditional Chinese fish soup (Check for allergies/ dietary requirements — if necessary some pupils will follow a recipe to prepare vegetable soup).	-Participate in a science investigation enthusiastically, observing changes closely and suggest answers to questionsIf cream is shaken, butter will form. Buttermilk will separate from the butterChopsticks are sticks used in pairs as cutlery. Chopsticks are the traditional eating utensils used in Asia.
	EAD	-Throughout history, people from Peru have used alpaca and lama wool for weavingWeaving is the interlacing of two sets of threads at right angles to each other to form clothWeaving is usually done on a loomObserve and reflect on preferences for styles of architecture. Look at examples of famous African architecture (e.g. Great Mosque of Djenné, Jardin Majorelle, Lideta Market, etc)Ideas for artwork can be created through observation (looking closely), imagination (creating pictures in the mind) and memory (remembering experiences from the past).	-Learn the craft of weaving, overlapping (under-over pattern) thread on a loomStructures can be made by putting separate objects or units togetherCombine boxes and other found materials to create junk modelsMaterials can be cut and re-assembled into new shapes.	-Talk about the materials and the process of combining materialsClassify materials into textures and colours.
Reception	CL	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		-Describe images using adjectives and
Summer 1				prepositionsLearn the language to reason and persuade e.g. 'I think…because…'

The Environment				-Use this language when justifying their opinions.
	PSED	-Understand that jobs help people to earn money to pay for things. -Name different jobs that people they know or people who work in the community do.		
	PD		-Explore different fixings and methods of joining hard materialsUse a variety of tools for different purposes. For example, use a screwdriver to attach screws, explore real nuts and bolts, hammers and golf tees into large fruitKnow the safety implications when using tools and how to handle them carefully.	
	L	-A biography is a text written about someone else's life (usually someone famous)Biographies help us to learn about history and significant people from the past.		
	UW	-Use a range of sources of information including ICT. -Opaque materials do not let any light pass through them. -Investigate solar energy, by building a solar oven (using a cardboard box, black paper and tin foil) to melt marshmallows. Observe and comment on the change of state. -Consider a range of steps that can be taken to reduce rubbish pollution. -The '3 R's' stand for reduce, reuse, recycle. -Explore the local area identifying both the built and the natural environment. Express their opinions on natural and built environments. -Name and locate different parts of the local community — recognise landmarks, human and physical features.	-Electricity can be dangerous and appliances must be used safely. Understand that some appliances are less dangerous than others.	-Explore and describe the way some everyday materials change when they are heated or cooled.

		-Many everyday appliances require electricity from mains electricity or batteriesExplore a variety of classroom objects, investigating whether they use electricity of notBird feeders encourage birds to visit the garden as they provide them with a source of food.		
	EAD	-Recycled art is creative work that is made from discarded materials that once had another purpose. Artists who make recycled art take those materials and make them into something newThink imaginatively — using their imagination and prior knowledgeWind chimes make sounds when the wind blows the tubes or rods.	-Shape and model materials for a purpose (e.g., a pot) from observation and imaginationInvestigate a range of different materials and experiment with how they can be connected to form simple structuresExperiment with a variety of malleable mediaManipulate malleable materials in a variety of ways including rolling, pinching and kneadingImpress and apply simple decorationUse natural materials to make musical instruments, select appropriate joining methods.	
Reception Summer 2 Mini-Beasts and Habitats	CL	-Participate in philosophical discussion based on the phrase, 'If at first you don't succeed, try, try again.' -Understand that perseverance is important when you are learning something new.		
. 1	PD		-Learn how to use a table knife for spreading (e.g. butter and honey on bread)Cut straight or curved lines and circular shapes using scissorsSelect and use appropriate materials and tools safely and competently to build a worm farm showing an understanding of the animals' habitatKnow how to fasten buttons on clothing (preparation for wearing a shirt in year 1).	-Understand the importance of healthy daily routines (morning and evening) and the impact these have on their well-beingUnderstand the need for safety when using hot equipment and the need for adult supervisionUnderstand that food that has been dropped on the floor, touched with dirty hands or has turned mouldy should not be eaten and can make people illDescribe the taste of some familiar ingredients and make comparisons (e.g. maple syrup and honey).

	L	-Instructions usually provide guidance on how to achieve something. They are usually written in list form, and are in chronological orderWrite instructions for how to make a bee hotel or watering station.		
	UW	-Use technology to capture images of minibeasts in the environmentThe Qur'an teaches men and women to dress modestly. Some Muslim women wear a hijab and some boys wear a prayer cap.		
	EAD	-Explore and evaluate the design of different bee hotels and watering stationsUnderstand that fabrics are the basis of textiles that can be used for clothes, household linens and curtains etcUnderstand fabrics can be cut and sewn together into new shapes, which may be 3D as in clothes.	-Apply adhesive sparingly and place glued surfaces together accuratelyCreate bee hotels and watering stations to attract bees to the school gardenSelect from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks in order to make their own bee hotel or watering stationHandle and manipulate a wide range of fabrics and threads.	-Develop critical thinking by talking about changes they have made during the making process. Evaluate what went well or not so well and why that may have been.